CBCS Scheme

USN | | | | | | | | | | |

15EC33

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2018
Digital Electronics

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

1 a. Given, F = A(B + C) + D, obtain : i) minimal SOP ii) minimal POS iii) canonical SOP iv) canonical POS. **(08 Marks)**

b. Realize a circuit for Ex-NOR using only four NOR gates. **(02 Marks)**

c. Simplify the function using K-map. :
$Y = f(a,b,c,d) = \sum_m (0,1,2,3,5,6,8,10,15)$.
Write the simplified SOP expression. **(06 Marks)**

OR

2 a. Simplify the following function using Quine – McClusky method :
$P = f(a, b, c, d) = \Sigma_m(0, 2, 3, 5, 8, 10, 11, 13)$. **(06 Marks)**

b. Reduce the following Boolean function using K-map and realize the simplified expression using NOR gates.
$T = f(a, b, c, d) = \Sigma_m(0, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9) + \Sigma_d(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15)$. **(06 Marks)**

c. Prove that, $ABC + AB\overline{C} + A\overline{B}C + \overline{A}BC = AB + BC + CA$ **(04 Marks)**

Module-2

3 a. Design a binary full subtractor using logic gates. Write a truth table Implement the logic circuit using basic gates. **(06 Marks)**

b. Define magnitude comparator. Design a two bit binary comparator and implement with suitable logic gates. **(10 Marks)**

OR

4 a. Implement full adder using 4 : 1 multiplexer (MUX). **(08 Marks)**

b. With a neat logic diagram, explain carry look ahead adder. **(08 Marks)**

Module-3

5 a. Obtain the characteristic equation for D and T flip-flop. **(04 Marks)**

b. Explain the working of a master–slave SR flip-flop with the help of a logic diagram, function table, logic symbol and timing diagram. **(08 Marks)**

c. Differentiate sequential logic circuit and combinational logic circuit. **(04 Marks)**

OR

6 a. Explain the working of master slave JK flip-flops with functional table and timing diagram. Show how race around condition is over come. **(08 Marks)**

b. Discuss the difference between a flip-flop and latch. **(04 Marks)**

c. Derive the characteristic equations of SR and JK flip-flops. **(04 Marks)**

Module-4

7 a. Design a synchronous mod-5 counter using JK flip-flops and implement it. **(08 Marks)**

b. Design synchronous mod-6 counter using D flip-flop to generate the count sequence, (0, 2, 3, 6, 5, 1, 0). **(08 Marks)**

OR

8 a. Design divide by 6 synchronous counter using T – flip-flops. Write state table and reduc the expression using K-map. **(06 Marks)**

b. Compare synchronous and asynchronous counters. **(04 Marks)**

c. Design mod-6 ripple counter using T flip-flops. **(06 Marks)**

Module-5

9 a. Design a Moore type sequence detector to detect a serial input sequence of 101. **(08 Marks)**

b. Design a synchronous counter using JK – flip-flops to count the sequence 0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, (1, 2. Use state diagram and state table. **(08 Marks)**

OR

10 a. Explain the Mealy model and Moore model of a clocked synchronous sequential networ **(08 Marks)**

b. Design a Mealy type sequence detector to detect a serial input sequence of 101. **(08 Marks)**

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